

# DNA DAMAGE ASSAYS

## MMC PLATES



- ▶ Add dH<sub>2</sub>O to [MMC](#) vial to a final concentration of 1mg/ml, store at -20°C
  - ▶ Inject dH<sub>2</sub>O through rubber stopper to dissolve powder. Take care, MMC is very toxic
- ▶ Make YPC plates as usual
- ▶ After autoclaving and cooling, but before pouring, add CaCl<sub>2</sub>, and MMC (1mg/ml stock solution) to following concentrations:

+ µl	Final concentration (µg/ml)
33.3	0.02
24.9	0.015
16.6	0.01
8.3	0.005
4.16	0.0025

- ▶ Pour plates
  - ▶ Note: use freshly made MMC plates within 2 days

## MMC ASSAY



- ▶ Set up 5ml pre-overnights
  - ▶ Dilute overnight into fresh Hv-YPC (5ml) and grow to an  $A_{650}$  of  $\sim 0.4$
- ▶ Make serial dilutions ( $10^0$ - $10^{-7}$ ) of cells in 18% SW
- ▶ Spot duplicate 20 $\mu$ l samples onto Hv-YPC with 0-0.02  $\mu$ g/ml MMC
  - ▶ Air dry plates for 30 minutes
- ▶ Incubate at 45°C for 4-7 days, counting colonies every day
- ▶ Note: use freshly made MMC plates, no more than 2 days old

# UV ASSAY



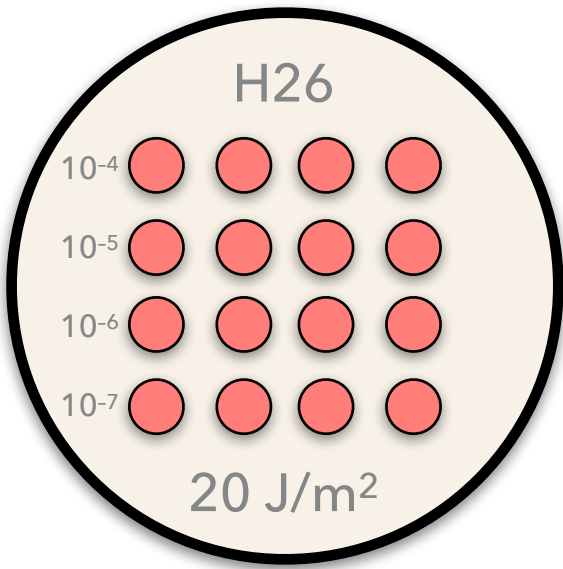
- ▶ Set up 5ml pre-overnights from plates
- ▶ Dilute overnight into fresh Hv-YPC and grow overnight to an  $A_{650}$  of  $\sim 0.4$ 
  - ▶ Use 20 $\mu$ l into 5ml for strains with wild-type growth rate, 50 $\mu$ l into 5ml for slow-growing strains
- ▶ Make serial dilutions ( $10^0$ - $10^{-8}$ ) of the cells in 18% salt water
  - ▶ Dilute 100 $\mu$ l into 1ml of 18% SW, invert tube  $\sim 10$  times to mix
- ▶ Spot 4x 20 $\mu$ l samples onto Hv-YPC (1 plate for each irradiation, including '0 sec' control)
  - ▶ See figure and text on next page for appropriate dilutions
- ▶ Air dry plates for 30 minutes, turn UV on to warm up
  - ▶ You can use the UV Cross-linker instead. Turn on a couple of minutes prior to use and do a dummy 150J/m<sup>2</sup> dosage first
- ▶ Irradiate batches of plates for 100, 80, 60, 40, 20, and 0 secs
  - ▶ If using [cross-linker](#), select "ENERGY" and then type desired UV dose, then hit "ENTER". Finally select "START"
  - ▶ Units are calibrated as J/m<sup>2</sup>; so typing in 100 will provide a 100 J/m<sup>2</sup> dosage
- ▶ Incubate in a black bag at 45°C for 4-7 days, counting colonies every day

# UV ASSAY: POINTS TO NOTE



► Suggested dilutions to spot at each UV dose

0	20 J/m <sup>2</sup>	40 J/m <sup>2</sup>	60 J/m <sup>2</sup>	80 J/m <sup>2</sup>	100 J/m <sup>2</sup>
10 <sup>-5</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	10 <sup>-3</sup>	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-1</sup>	10 <sup>0</sup>
10 <sup>-6</sup>	10 <sup>-5</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	10 <sup>-3</sup>	10 <sup>-2</sup>	10 <sup>-1</sup>
10 <sup>-7</sup>	10 <sup>-6</sup>	10 <sup>-5</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	10 <sup>-3</sup>	10 <sup>-2</sup>
10 <sup>-8</sup>	10 <sup>-7</sup>	10 <sup>-6</sup>	10 <sup>-5</sup>	10 <sup>-4</sup>	10 <sup>-3</sup>

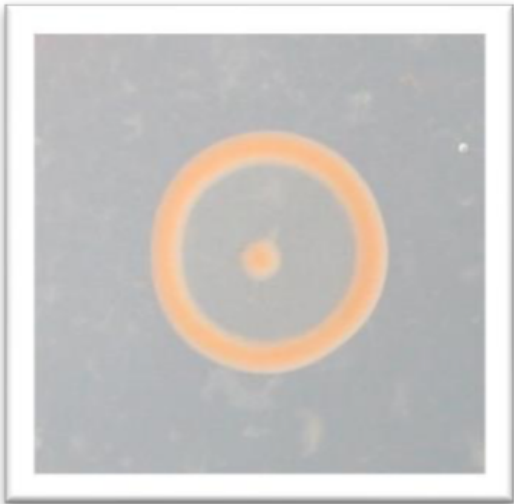


► Using [cross-linker](#) is a good alternative to UV lamp

► Irradiation is done at a high dosage for a short period of time

► However, *Haloferax* rings appear above 100J/m<sup>2</sup>

► Makes counting of single colonies difficult (see Callum’s thesis)



## 4NQO DILUTIONS



- ▶ Add DMSO to 4NQO vial to final concentration of 1mg/ml, store at -20°C
- ▶ Make the 10-40 µg/ml stock solutions in DMSO
- ▶ Add 20µl of stock solutions to 1 ml culture to get the following final concentrations
- ▶ Carry out [acute exposure in liquid](#) assay

Stock solution (µg/ml)	Final concentration (µg/ml)
10	0.2
20	0.4
30	0.6
40	0.8

# MMC LIQUID ASSAY DILUTIONS

- ▶ Add dH<sub>2</sub>O to [MMC](#) vial to a final concentration of 2mg/ml store at 4°C
- ▶ Make the 4-200 µg/ml stock solutions in dH<sub>2</sub>O
- ▶ Add 12.5µl of stock solutions to 5 ml culture to get the following final concentrations
- ▶ Carry out [acute exposure in liquid](#) assay



Stock solution (µg/ml)	Final concentration (µg/ml)
4	0.01
10	0.025
20	0.05
40	0.1
100	0.25
120	0.3
160	0.4
200	0.5

## ACUTE EXPOSURE IN LIQUID

- ▶ Grow cells to an OD of 0.4 - 0.6
- ▶ Add DNA damaging reagent ([MMC](#) or [4NQO](#)) at a variety of concentrations, including 0 µg/ml control (DMSO or H<sub>2</sub>O)
- ▶ Incubate for 1 or 3 hours
  - ▶ To see transcription and translation effects respectively
- ▶ Make serial dilutions ( $10^{-1}$  to  $10^{-8}$ ), spot 20 µl onto YPC plates
  - ▶ Air dry plates for 1 hour
- ▶ Incubate at 45°C for 4-7 days, counting colonies every day





## MMS DILUTIONS



**MMS IS HIGHLY VOLATILE AND VERY TOXIC. USE CORRECT PPE!**

- ▶ Take MMS vial ([Sigma M4016](#), cas: 66-27-3) and prepare 5% stock in 18% SW
  - ▶ 50  $\mu$ l of MMS + 950  $\mu$ l of 18% SW
  - ▶ This must be carried out fresh, in fume hood!
- ▶ Then dilute MMS:

Dilution	5% MMS stock ( $\mu$ L)	18% SW
1:5	20	80
3:10	30	70
2:5	40	60
1:2	50	50

## MMS ASSAY



**MMS IS HIGHLY VOLATILE AND VERY TOXIC. USE CORRECT PPE!**

- ▶ Day 1: Set up 5ml pre-overnights from plates
- ▶ Day 2: 1/10 dilution of overnight into fresh Hv-YPC (5ml) in the morning
  - ▶ In the afternoon, dilute cultures so they grow to an  $A_{650}$  of  $\sim 0.6$  by Day 3
- ▶ Day 3: Aliquot overnight cultures ( $OD_{600}$  of  $\sim 0.6$ ) into 4x1ml (in 4ml culture tubes)
  - ▶ Add 20 $\mu$ l of [diluted MMS](#) to 1mL of aliquoted culture and incubate for 1 hour
  - ▶ Spin cells at 6000 rpm at RT for 8 mins in 2mL eppendorfs
  - ▶ Resuspend cells in 1mL YPC
  - ▶ Make serial dilutions ( $10^0$ - $10^{-7}$ ) of the cells in 18% salt water
  - ▶ Spot duplicate 20 $\mu$ l of cells onto Hv-YPC
  - ▶ Air dry plates for 1 hour
  - ▶ Incubate at 45°C for 4-7 days, counting colonies every day